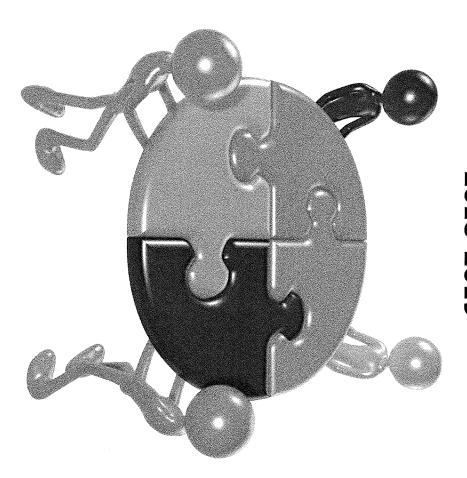
## COLUSA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ANNUAL WORK PLAN 2018-2019



Page 1 of 13

# Colusa County Behavioral Health Services Annual Work Plan for 2018/2019 Fiscal Year

To be tracked in the Quality Improvement Committee

#### Introduction

Consumer involvement and Chart review. (including Grievances and appeals and Change of provider requests), EHR implementation, Psychiatric services, outline of functions in the following grid indicates. The Program has broad oversight responsibilities for Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs), Outcome measures, Cultural Competency, Service delivery, Beneficiary protection The Colusa County Department of Behavioral Health Quality Management program has many moving parts as the

and others gather information on ad hoc topics access to psychiatric services and crisis service utilization; medical records staff organize chart samples for review; referrals, and issuing of Notices of Adverse Benefit Determination (NOABD) form; a clinician gathers information on reflect a more positive focus) for initial appointments, ethnicity of, language spoken by, gender of, and age of new Committee: Reception staff gather information on "Shows" (formerly known as "no shows" but changed to shows to Committee is gathered more frequently. Several different staff are involved in gathering and presenting data to the Advocate, and support staff. The QI Committee meets every other month, though data to support the work of the includes licensed clinical staff (LCSW, PhD, LMFT), interns (ACSW and AMFT), consumers, Patients' Rights The Quality Improvement Committee is the key in implementation of the QI Work Plan. Membership on this Committee

The entire process is overseen by a licensed clinician in the role of Quality Improvement Coordinator.

QIC MEMBERS	
Name	Title
Terry Rooney, PhD	Director
Jan Morgan, LCSW	Deputy Director Clinical Services Child Division
Shannon Piper, LMFT	Program Manager Clnical Adult and Crisis Services
Mark McGregor, LCSW	Program Manager Clinical Services Child Division
Raphael Lamas, ACSW	Therapist II
Sally Cardenas	Office Assistant Supervisor
Ellen Uren	Consumer Representative
Cindy Palynski	Patients' Rights Advocate
Valerie Stirling	Peer Support Specialist
Daniel Hernandez	MHSA Coordinator
Bessie Harbison, ACSW	Therapist II

Quality Improvement Work Plan	Work Plan	Discussion	Action Items
QI Subcommittees	PIPS 1. Administrative PIP: Co-Occurring Disorders	The Department will increase the focus on treatment of Co-Occurring Disorders. The Department will increase the diagnosing of Co-Occurring Disorder from currently sixteen percent to a number closer to Statewide percentages which is twenty-one percent.	See the PIP Implementation & Submission Tool at the end of this document
	2. Clinical PIP: Clinical Engagement	The Department will continue to look at early consumer engagement as defined as having 3 appointments within 60 days from the date of the intake. An administrative staff is now calling the consumer informing the consumer of the new assigned staff. The Department will continue	PIP Implementation & Submission Tool to be completed
		sending Thank you cards to the client acknowledging and appreciating the consumer for reaching out for services and completing the intake to begin services. The Department is continuing to look at ways early consumer engagement can be improved.	
	Cultural Competency	The Department will highlight the importance of cultural competence for all staff by providing regular trainings on various cultures (i.e. client culture, Hispanic culture, school culture, etc.). The membership of this committee will be expanded to include more community representation. The	The continued focus on addition of community representatives needs to be accomplished; Outreach efforts will be
		Department will also encourage community awareness of mental wellness through the annual May is Mental Health month activities and suicide awareness month activities.	Coordinators
	Audits	<b>DHCS/Medi-Cal Audit:</b> The Department will establish an audit committee to respond to Medi-Cal audit requirements as needed.	Audit Committee establishment as needed

Quality Improvement Work Plan	ork Plan	Discussion	Action Items
		<b>EQRO review</b> : The Department will continually collect data to support responding to the annual EQRO review.	Ongoing data collection and analysis
Improve Service Delivery Capacity Objective: Monitor service delivery capacity.	1. Monitor the number of Hispanic individuals being served. The number of new Hispanic referrals will be monitored at each QIC meeting	The Department will collect data monthly on the number of Hispanic individuals being served. This data will be reviewed at each QIC meeting.	The goal will be to reach parity with the percentage of Hispanic individuals in the community compared with the current percentage of 45-55% Hispanic intakes
	2. Monitor the capacity to deliver Bilingual Services	The Department will monitor the capacity to deliver Bilingual services based on item 1 above and the ease with which the need for interpretive services is met. The use of graduate level bilingual interns to fill this need will continued to be evaluated.	The goal will be to serve each individual in their preferred language directly (i.e. without the use of the language line and preferably without interpreter)
	3. Improve relationships with local clinics and agencies	The Department will continue to encourage all providers to engage with local clinics and agencies via telephone calls, record sharing, supporting consumer use of primary health clinics, and other efforts. The Committee will monitor the Department's development of MOUs, and contracts	The Department should be known as a collaborator with a broad range of community providers
		Department's development of MOUs, and contracts for direct service, with FQHCs, Anthem, Northern California Health and Wellness, and hospital providers. The Department created an MD Referral Process form to improve the working relationship with community providers.	
Improve Accessibility of Services	1a. Document timeliness of routine	The Department will collect data monthly on the timeliness of routine (non-urgent) initial	The goal is to serve all individuals requesting
	mental health intake	appointments. If issues arise with meeting the	entry into services within
Objective: Monitor	appointments (Days to	Department standard of 10 days from request for services to a scheduled intake appointment the	10 working days. This data will be collected daily

accessibility of services: intake). Retimeliness cand present QI Committ  1b. Manage success of the efficien "Walk In" intake process.  1c. Review: (NOA-A and issued shows" and additional ereduce the ereduce th	Quality Improvement Work Plan	Discussion	Action Items
QI Com  1b. Mai success In" inta Strengt the effi "Walk I process  1c. Revi (NOA-A issued  2. Conti "shows" addition reduce "no shc	intake). Review timeliness of intakes and present findings to	Committee will review/suggest strategies to address these issues.	by reception staff and reviewed in each meeting of the QIC.
1b. Mai success In" inta Strengt the effi "Walk I process (NOA-A issued shows" addition reduce "no shc	QI Committee.		
success In" inta Strengt the effi "Walk I process  1c. Revi (NOA-A issued  2. Conti "shows" addition reduce "no shc	1b. Manage the	The Committee acknowledged that the "Walk In"	The goal continues to be
In" inta Strengt the effi "Walk I process  1c. Revi (NOA-A issued  2. Conti "shows" addition reduce "no shc	success of the "Walk	and the	to improve timeliness of
Strengt the effi "Walk I process  1c. Revi (NOA-A issued 2. Conti "shows" addition reduce "no sho		ber	services even beyond the
the effi "Walk I process  1c. Revi (NOA-A issued  2. Conti "shows shows" addition reduce "no shc	ë ë	of consumers accessing the "Walk In" intake	10 limit noted above.
"Walk I process  1c. Revi (NOA-A issued  2. Conti "shows" addition reduce "no shc		ment	Reception staff will collect
1c. Revi (NOA-A issued 2. Conti "shows" addition reduce		has added a second "Walk In" Intake day to	data on frequency of use
1c. Reviews issued issued 2. Continues shows addition reduce "no sho		respond to the number of "Walk In" intakes on	of the Walk In clinic
1c. Revi (NOA-A issued 2. Conti "shows" addition reduce "no sho		Tuesdays.	versus scheduled
1c. Reviews issued issued 2. Conties shows shows reduce "no shows to show show show show show show show sho			appointments for review
1c. Revi (NOA-A issued issued 2. Conti "shows" addition reduce "no sho			by the QIC
issued issued 2. Cont "shows" addition reduce "no sho	1c. Review for NOABD	The Committee will review for the issuing of NOA-A	
2. Conti "shows shows" addition reduce "no sho	(NOA-A and NOA-E)	CONTRACTOR TO TOTAL TO	ine goal is to insure that
2. Cont "shows shows" addition reduce "no sho	to de la constanta		Notices of Action are
2. Conti "shows" shows" addition reduce		if issues are	Ine goal is to insure that Notices of Action are being issued correctly
2. Conti "shows shows" addition reduce		if issues are	ne goal is to insure that lotices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access
2. Conti "shows shows" addition reduce "no sho		if issues are	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As
2. Conti "shows shows" addition reduce "no sho		if issues are	Ine goal is to insure that Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will
2. Conti "shows" shows" addition reduce		if issues are	Ine goal is to insure that Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The
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"shows" addition reduce "no sho		if issues are	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issuing of notices will be logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC
shows" addition reduce "no sho	onitor	o re	Ine goal is to insure that Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issuing of notices will be logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC The goal will be to
addition reduce "no sho		if issues are  one of the control of	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issuing of notices will be logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC The goal will be to evaluate "show" rate to
reduce "no sho	٩	o and s	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issuing of notices will be logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC The goal will be to evaluate "show" rate to determine what actions
"no sho	° 6	if issues are  ows and no  The QIC  he  he  re tracking	votices of Action are votices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access feam will issue NOA-As and reception staff will ssue NOA-Es. The ssue NOA-Es. The ssuing of notices will be ogged. QA staff will eport on NOAs to the QIC he goal will be to valuate "show" rate to letermine what actions night impact consumer
	와 악	if issues are  ows and no  The QIC  he  che  ongoing	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issue NOA-Es. The logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC The goal will be to evaluate "show" rate to determine what actions might impact consumer engagement. Reception
_	와 막	if issues are  ows and no  The QIC  he  ne tracking ongoing  ng the	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issue NOA-Es. The logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC The goal will be to evaluate "show" rate to determine what actions might impact consumer engagement. Reception staff will collect data on
	·	if issues are  ws and no The QIC he he re tracking ongoing ng the	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issue NOA-Es. The logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC The goal will be to evaluate "show" rate to determine what actions might impact consumer engagement. Reception staff will collect data on no shows daily for intakes
	۲ و ا	if issues are  ows and no  The QIC  he he racking ongoing  ng the	Notices of Action are being issued correctly and as required. Access Team will issue NOA-As and reception staff will issue NOA-Es. The issuing of notices will be logged. QA staff will report on NOAs to the QIC The goal will be to evaluate "show" rate to determine what actions might impact consumer engagement. Reception staff will collect data on no shows daily for intakes and present this data to

Quality Improvement Work Plan	'k Plan	Discussion	Action Items
			Assurance Coordinator will present ongoing "show" and "no show"
			findings in QIC. Current show rate of above 80%
			will be the standard
			against which success
			will be measured
	3. Continue to monitor	The Department will monitor the timeliness of	The goal is for all urgent
	the timeliness of	urgent services during regular business hours and	services to be offered
***************************************	services for urgent	"immediately" but no longer than 10 minutes after	phone and one hour for
No di Salana	response time is	the request for such services.	face to face contact.
nun saaan	expected		Reception staff will
n ya kulun anganan			initiate collection of
			timeliness but clinical
			staff will record actual
			response time; QIC will
			review. The current
			success rate of
			approximately 75% on
			time responses will be the
			standard against which
·			success will be measured
	4. Test call crisis after-	responsiveness of the crisis service. The	the after hours and
	business number.	Department will measure the effectiveness of the	regular-hours crisis staff
	Recommend changes	service and accuracy of recording requests for	monthly by assigned
	when problems are	service. The QIC will review these reports at each	staff. The results of the
	identified	meeting.	calls will be recorded on
			the crisis script or other
			form and reviewed in QIC.
			Additionally, the call log

Quality Improvement Work Plan	ork Plan	Discussion	Action Items
			will be reviewed in QIC to ensure that the test calls are logged. Office Assistant Supervisor will oversee the recording of this data.
Improve Beneficiary Satisfaction Objective: Measure Beneficiary Satisfaction by annual surveys	Conduct consumer/family member satisfaction surveys.	The Committee to work with CIBH to review the results of the surveys as the information becomes available.	As reports are available from DHCS the Committee will review and make recommendations to the appropriate Department staff.
Objective: Track consumer grievances/ appeals;	Regular reports on Grievance / Appeals to be reviewed at each QIC meeting	The Department will respond to Grievances/Appeals in a timely manner. The QIC will review all beneficiary: Grievances, Appeals, Expedited appeals, Fair hearings, Expedited fair hearings, and Provider appeals to assess for	The PRA will report on all grievances/appeals Expedited appeals, Fair hearings, Expedited fair hearings, and Provider
Track Change of Provider requests.		system weakness/areas for improvement.	appeals received with the goal being that all grievances receive immediate attention and achieve resolution within 60 days.
	Requests for changes of provider to be reviewed at each QIC meeting	The Department will track all change of provider requests. The QIC will review these requests to assess if there are areas for improvement.	Medical Records staff will track change of provider requests daily and report to QIC. The QIC will review for patterns of change requests and respond with recommendations as needed

increase in Hispanic individuals served and needs for services  Assure availability of Spanish language materials for access to services and understanding of commonly diagnosed mental health issues	Improve Cultural Competence Objective: Continue to provide all staff training in issues related to providing culturally competent services including: Hispanic culture, Youth identifying as LBGTQ (lesbian, bisexual, gay, transgender, and questioning), client culture, etc. Objective: Monitor
ch to The Department will continue to offer services where needed as well as at CCDBH to engage children from Hispanic background (Note: over 60% of school age children are from Hispanic homes). The Department will also offer services in Spanish directly by the provider where possible, and through the use of skilled interpreters as needed. The Department will also maintain materials in Spanish and English.	The Department will encourage all staff to participate in training opportunities. Each staff person will receive an annual stipend to be used only to cover training costs. Additionally the Department will offer trainings for staff locally.
The QIC will track outreach activities to the Hispanic community via reports from the MHSA Coordinators with the goal of continued increase in the number of Hispanic individuals accessing services (as measured in the above item)	The QIC will receive reports from the MHSA Coordinators on trainings offered with the goal that each staff has the opportunity to continually improve skills in their area of responsibility. Additionally the Department expects staff to report on trainings received to their team on return from trainings.

3.Provide multiple tie opportunities to celebrate Mental de Health Month (MAY) via community events, displays at libraries and community centers, Board of Supervisors proclamation and other activities as identified	2.Employ consumer / Th providers. Promote emparticipation by family/ consumers in MHP program planning	1.Provide training on stigma to high school wit students via Friday Night Live/Club Live. Participate in Statewide prevention activities funded through Department participation in CALMHSA.	Quality Improvement Work Plan Di
The Department will sponsor a variety of activities tied to Mental Health Month. Each activity will be designed to celebrate the work of recovery and/or address stigma.	The Department will actively look for ways to employ consumers and encourage consumer participation in MHP program planning.	1. The Department will support staff involvement with Friday Night Live and Prevention activities as a method to engage school age children in overcoming stigma. The Department will participate in funding Statewide anti-stigma programing through participation in the CALMHSA Every Mind Matters project.	Discussion
The Department will support and encourage consumer development of Mental Health Month activities.	The QIC will review the number of consumers employed by the Department, which currently is 3 employed consumers.	The QIC will track involvement with FNL via reports from the Clinical Program Manager/Prevention Coordinator with the goal of increasing the number of students impacted by this stigma reduction activity.	Action Items

Quality Improvement Work Plan	ork Plan	Discussion	Action Items
Improve Quality of Service Objective: Become more versed in Recovery and Resiliency Principles.	Provide at least one training opportunity for each clinical staff member in a recovery model environment	The Department will invest in training staff in the recovery model (Motivational Interviewing, use of the MORS, Strength Based assessments, etc).	The QIC will track staff presentation of clinical trainings via reports from Deputy Directors with the goal that each clinical staff has the opportunity to continually improve their ability to offer recovery model services
Objective: Perform QI reviews of open charts quarterly	Identify sample of open charts for review, conduct review using Peer Review chart review form, provide feedback to clinical staff and QIC, and monitor corrections	The Department will continuously review charting by clinical staff including therapists, case managers, facilitators, and physicians. The QIC will review reports on this activity at each meeting.	Medical records staff will identify a sample of open charts for review and complete a review of clerical issues; then route these charts to a clinician for clinical review; the results of these reviews will then be reviewed by QIC with feedback to clinical staff regarding needed corrections
Objective: Monitor days for frequency of crisis service requests and recommend coverage adjustments as needed.	The QI Committee will monitor the frequency of crisis requests per time and day of week and recommend adjustments to coverage as needed.	The Committee will review the frequency of crisis requests by day of week and time and make recommendations for adjustments to staff/scheduling as needed.	A clinician member of the QIC will review the crisis logs and provide a report to the QIC. The QIC will make recommendations as needed to Deputy Directors to improve crisis response
Evaluation of QI Activities	The QI Committee will have an agenda item	The Department will encourage a Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) orientation in the QIC	The goal is to insure that QIC recommended actions receive follow up

Quality Improvement Work Plan	ork Plan	Discussion	Action Items
Objective: QI Committee will have a standing agenda item that will review and evaluate the results of QI activities, recommend policy changes, institute needed QI actions to address concerns, and ensure follow-up.	at each meeting that will allow the committee to focus on the activities of the Committee and evaluate the effectiveness of Committee recommendations for policy changes	by regularly reviewing the activities of the QIC to evaluate the effectiveness of QIC recommendations.	until the action is complete or no longer needs QIC oversight
Evaluation of access	QI Committee will	The Committee will review the timeline between	A clinical member of the
to psychiatric services Objective: Monitoring timeline between ACCESS Team referral to and receipt of psychiatric	monitor the efficiency of the referral process to psychiatric services	approval for medication services by the ACCESS Team to the scheduling of these services. The Committee will review for disparity in this timeline for children versus adults; and make recommended program changes as needed.	QIC will review the EHR to determine the timeline from referral to psychiatric services to receipt of services. The goal is to complete the referral/service process within 10 days.
Monitor Medication Services Objective: QI Committee will monitor the safety and effectiveness of medication practices.	QI Committee will monitor the findings of the medications reviewers regarding the safety and effectiveness of medication practices	The Committee will track the addition of an appropriate reviewer of prescribing practices (e.g. pharmacist) to allow of regularly review the prescribing practices of staff psychiatrist. These reviews will be reported to the QIC for oversight and needed actions.	Medical records staff will identify a sample of medication charts for review. The prescribing practices will be reviewed by a person licensed to prescribe or dispense prescription drugs and reviewed in QIC for compliance
Consumer Involvement in QI Findings	Consumers will be regular members of the QI Committee.	The Department will encourage and support the involvement of consumers in the QIC process.  Consumers may receive stipends for their	Consumer members of the QIC will be encouraged to update the

Quality Improvement Work Plan	ork Plan	Discussion	Operation of the second of the	Action Items
Objective: The	Each meeting of the QI	participation in this committee.		Committee on any areas
Department shall make	Committee will have			of interest or concern.
every effort to inform	an agenda item which			QIC will provide support
consumers about the	seeks consumer input			and advocacy as needed.
findings of the Ol				The Department will
Committee				consider methods for
כסווויייוניבכי.				informing consumers on
				the work of the QIC
				(Minutes available in the
				lobby, or via the website
				or other methods).
				Minutes can be made
				available at Safe Haven.
Other Items				
To be added as identified (e.g. issues that raise	(e.g. issues that raise			
quality of care concerns)				



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Performance Improvement Project Implementation & Submission Tool

### PLANNING TEMPLATE

### INTRODUCTION & INSTRUCTION

September of 2012. Validating Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs), as a mandatory protocol delivered by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) in This tool provides a structure for development and submission of Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs). It is based on EQR Protocol 3:

section and answer ALL questions. they must ensure that all of the required elements of the PIP are addressed and included in their submission. PLEASE fully complete each The use of this format for PIP submission will assure that the MHP addresses all of the required elements of a PIP. If the MHP uses another format,

- The PIP should target improvement in either a clinical or non-clinical service delivered by the MHP.
- and should be included in the narrative. identified problems, changes and interventions can be studied using the PIP process. This can be done to create improvements in the program The PIP process is not used to evaluate the effectiveness of a specific program operated by the MHP. If a specific program is experiencing
- addressing this type of issue must be detailed in the study narrative. PIP addresses a high-impact or high risk condition, it may involve a smaller portion of the MHP consumer population, so the importance of The narrative should explain how addressing the study issue will also address a broad spectrum of consumer care and services over time. If the
- \* Each year a PIP is evaluated is separate and specific. Although topic selection and explanation may cover more than one PIP year, every section should be reviewed and updated, as needed, to ensure continued relevance and to address on-going and new interventions or changes to the
- If sampling methods are used, the documentation presented must include the appropriateness and validity of the sampling method, the type of sampling method used and why, and what statistical subset of the consumer population was used
- General information about the use of sampling methods and the types of sampling methods to use to obtain valid and reliable information can be found in Appendix II of the EQR Protocols.

Colusa - Updated Non-Clinical PIP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EQR Protocol: Appendix II: Sampling Approaches, Sept. 2012, DHHS, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), OMB Approval No. 0938-0786

### IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN/PROJECT

MHP Name:	MHP Name: Colusa County Department of Behavioral Health (CDBH)	avioral Health (CD	BH)	
Project Title:	Project Title: Co-occurring Disorder	Check One:	Clinical	Non-Clinical x
Project Leader:	Project Leader: Jan Morgan, LCSW		Account to the same of the sam	Role: Project Leader
Start Date (MM/DD/YY): 05/22/18	05/22/18			
Completion Date (MM/DD/YY):		Projected Study	Projected Study Period (# of months): 10	ths): 10
Brief Description of PIP: (Please include the GOAL of the	The goal will be to bring the fr	requency of dia	gnosis of co-o	The goal will be to bring the frequency of diagnosis of co-occurring disorders (formerly known as dual
PIP is attempting to	diagnosis) more in line with the	ne research find	ings. It was i	diagnosis) more in line with the research findings. It was noted in the most recent BHCEQRO report
- (			-	

accomplish.)

disorders. If successful this PIP will lead to an increased competency of practitioners within the MHP that Colusa County was significantly lower than the Statewide average in diagnosing co-occurring in the diagnosis of co-occurring disorders

## STEP 1: SELECT & DESCRIBE THE STUDY TOPIC

- encouraged to seek input from consumers and all stakeholders who are users of, or are concerned with specific areas of service. The PIP Study Topic selection narrative should include a description of stakeholders involved in developing and implementing the PIP. MHPs are
- Assemble a multi-functional team (e.g. clinical staff, consumers, contract providers as appropriate). Health Board and Quality Improvement Committee meetings Coordinator (LMFT), the Clinical Program Manager for Children's Services (LCSW), the Behavioral Health Director (PhD) and a Consultant (LMFT). Stakeholders are given the opportunity to provide feedback on PIP at Behavioral The Department assembled a team consisting of the Deputy Director of Clinical Services, the Quality Assurance
- V Describe the stakeholders who are involved in developing and implementation of this PIP. Be sure to include CFM group representation. The development of this PIP has largely been driven by consultation with BHCEQRO staff who helped the County committee requests that clinicians provide a referral to consumers demonstrating a desire in taking more active role in Board and Quality Improvement Committee meetings and is responsive to feedback provided at those meetings. The problem. The PIP committee continually attempts to elicit participation from consumers/peers at Behavioral Health Following this recognition of the disparity, the team members noted above fully embraced the need to study this recognize this disparity between Statewide and Colusa County frequency of diagnosis of co-occurring disorders
- Describe the stakeholders' role(s) in the PIP and how they were selected to participate

peer participants and proactively responding to any peer feedback provided at Behavioral Health Board and Quality The participants are standing members of the PIP Committee in the County. The committee is also actively pursuing Improvement Committee Meetings, which include peer participants

### Define the problem.

- MHP. The problem to be addressed should be clearly stated with narrative explanation including what brought the problem to the attention of the
- What is the problem?
- How did it come to your attention?
- What data have you reviewed that suggests the issue is indeed a problem for the MHP? Describe any relevant benchmarks. The three preceding bullets will be addressed in this paragraph.

occurring disorders. Indeed the diagnosis of such disorders in Colusa County is lower than the Statewide As noted, we received encouragement from BHCEQRO staff to review the disparity in the diagnosis of co-

average; apparently we have a problem here.

average of 21.3% of co-occurring diagnoses occurring diagnoses reported to BHCEQRO by the Department was only 16%. This compares to a Statewide The PIP Committee then dug deeper into the available data and found that the reported percentage of co-

	Statewide	Colusa County
Percentage of		
consumers	)4 SO/	70//05 (160/)
diagnosed with a co-	21.370	1 9/493 (10%)
occurring disorder		

What literature and/or research have been reviewed that explain the issue's relevance to the MHP's consumers

- structuring the program." Since this company is tasked with measuring performance for all 58 Counties in the may be an area of investigation for clinical data analytics to assist the executive team in appropriately MHP noted a very low rate for co-occurring disorders in the Information Systems Capability Assessment. This State we are in agreement that this "may be an area of investigation" When the Committee reviewed the BHCEQRO report from the 17/18 Fiscal Year, this paragraph stood out "The
- The Committee also found documented evidence of the diagnosis of co-occurring disorders being a significant

issue in the mental health field on the SAMSHA website

National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) (PDF | 3.4 MB), approximately 7.9 million adults (emphasis added) in the United States had co-occurring disorders in 2014. "Co-occurring disorders were previously referred to as dual diagnoses. According to SAMHSA's 2014

experience an alcohol or substance use disorder. People with mental health disorders are more likely than people without mental health disorders to

### SAMSHA also notes:

can improve treatment outcomes and the quality of life for those who need these services. systems are important in helping identify and treat co-occurring disorders. Early detection and treatment consequences of undiagnosed, untreated, or undertreated co-occurring disorders can lead to a higher an overlap of symptoms, or that other health issues need to be addressed first. In any case, the untreated. This may occur because both mental and substance use disorders can have biological, lowering costs and creating better outcomes. Increasing awareness and building capacity in service treatment, practitioners can address mental and substance use disorders at the same time, often People with co-occurring disorders are best served through integrated treatment. With integrated psychological, and social components. Other reasons may be inadequate provider training or screening, in severity. In many cases, people receive treatment for one disorder while the other disorder remains Co-occurring disorders can be difficult to diagnose due to the complexity of symptoms, as both may vary likelihood of experiencing homelessness, incarceration, medical illnesses, suicide, or even early death.

study noted Washington State University, Spokane and The Washington Institute for Mental Illness Research & Training. This Another support for the importance of accurate diagnosis of co-occurring disorders comes from a study done at

and substance use disorders (SUDs), otherwise known as dual disorders. Community and clinical studies show that dual disorders are prevalent (e.g., Kessler et al., 1996; Ross, Glaser, Since the 1980's, increasing recognition has been given to the issue of comorbid psychiatric & Germanson, 1988; Rounsaville et al., 1991; Regier et al., 1990). In the National mental health disorder (Kessler et al., 1996). The most common individual diagnosis was participants with any lifetime substance use disorder also had a lifetime history of at least one Comorbidity Study, a nationally representative population study, about 41-65% of

and schizophrenia (34%; Regier et al., 1990). prevalence of alcohol use disorder was highest among persons with bipolar disorder (46%) mania (71%), and PTSD (45%). In the Epidemiologic Catchment Area Study, lifetime personality having the highest prevalence of lifetime SUDs (82%), followed by those with addictive disorder, with those respondents with conduct disorder or adult antisocial Among those with a lifetime history of any mental disorder, 51% had a co-occurring conduct disorder (29%), followed by major depression (27%), and social phobia (20%).

### One conclusion of this report is:

common in community and clinical studies, Minkoff (2001) has argued that dual disorders "Given this accumulating evidence that comorbid substance use and psychiatric disorders are "...should be expected rather than considered an exception"."

## The study topic narrative will address:

- What is the overarching goal of the PIP?
- bring consumers into care. need to do a better job of making sure that treatment interventions are focused on the "real" diagnoses that Health services was not likely the first intervention that individuals attempted in trying to solve problems, we disorders among individuals seeking services at Behavioral Health. Recognizing that seeking Behavioral The overarching goal of this PIP will be to improve the expertise of clinical staff in recognizing co-occurring
- 0 diagnostic profile which, include co-occurring SUD diagnosis when criteria is met How will the PIP be used to improve processes and outcomes of care provided by the MHP? This PIP is intended to improve the competency of staff within the MHP. Specifically ensuring that an accurate
- 0 the successful interventions are rolled out to the entire system. disorders. Interventions that are developed will be tried first on a small scale (using the PDSA method) before How any proposed interventions are grounded in proven methods and critical to the study topic? The development of interventions will be driven by the goal of improving accurate diagnosis of co-occurring
- The study topic narrative will clearly demonstrate:
- How the identified study topic is relevant to the consumer population BHCEQRO; and based on literature review. It has been clearly shown that co-occurring disorders are common The study topic of accurate diagnosis is clearly relevant based the feedback the Department has received from

scope of interventions. diagnosing a commonly occurring disorder, it is likely that we are consequently not providing the fully needed in the mental health field, but are under-represented in the Department's data. If we are not accurately

- 0 occurring disorders. occurring disorders was noted to be as high as 82% (for individuals diagnosed with antisocial personality How addressing the problem will impact a significant portion of MHP consumer population disorder). Thus it is likely that this same percentage of consumers of services from Colusa County has codisorder (per the Washington study noted above); though for some diagnostic categories the frequency of co-The problem of co-occurring disorders impacts up to 51% of the population of individuals with a mental health
- 0 How the interventions have the potential to impact the mental health, functional status, or satisfaction of consumers served. diagnosed problems. focused on the overall goal of insuring new consumers receive the care needed for the now accurately diagnosis of individuals seeking services at Behavioral Health the interventions that are developed will be The interventions are only "proposed" at this point but given the goal of this PIP to improve the accuracy of the

## STEP 2: DEFINE & INCLUDE THE STUDY QUESTION

framework for the goals, measurement, and evaluation of the study. The study question must be stated in a clear, concise and answerable format. It should identify the focus of the PIP. The study question establishes a

The study question for this PIP will be:

of 16% to an average closer to the nationwide average of 51%?" "Will enhanced focus on the diagnosis of co-occurring disorders increase the percentage of such diagnoses from an average

## STEP 3: IDENTIFY STUDY POPULATION

study topic. occur is required. The documentation must include data on the MHP's enrolled consumers, as well as the number of consumers relevant to the or a specific sample of that population. If the study pertains to an identified sector of the MHP consumer population, how inclusion of all members will Clearly identify the consumer population included in the study. Include an explanation of how the study will address the entire consumer population,

This Step may include:

- Demographic information;
- Utilization and outcome data or information available; and
- Other study sources (such as pharmacy data) that may be utilized to identify all consumers who are to be included in the study.

annual review address consumers currently in care over time (when a revised diagnosis is entered, which most frequently occurs at the This PIP will address the entire population of consumers that are new to Behavioral Health services immediately and also will

## STEP 4: SELECT & EXPLAIN THE STUDY INDICATORS

"A study indicator is a measurable characteristic, quality, trait, or attribute of a particular individual, object, or situation to be studied."<sup>2</sup> Each PIP must include one or more measurable indicators to track performance and improvement over a specific period of time.

#### Indicators should be:

- Objective;
- Clearly defined;
- Based on current clinical knowledge or health service research; and
- A valid indicator of consumer outcomes.

## The indicators will be evaluated based on:

- Why they were selected;
- How they measure performance;
- How they measure change in mental health status, functional status, beneficiary satisfaction; and/or
- Have outcomes improved that are strongly associated with a process of care;
- Do they use data available through administrative, medical records, or another readily accessible source; and
- Relevance to the study question.

specific indicator. The measures can be based on current clinical practice guidelines or health services research. The MHP must document the basis for adopting the

## In reporting on the chosen indicators include:

- A description of the indicator;
- The numerator and denominator;
- The baseline for each performance indicator; and
- The performance goal.

## Specify the performance indicators in a Table.

<b> </b>	#
Frequency of a diagnosis of a co-occurring disorder	Describe Performance Indicator
Consumers given a co-occurring	Numerator
All individuals seen for	Denominator
The percentage of consumers given a co-occurring diagnosis currently is approximately 20%	Baseline for Performance Indicator (number)
At least 40% of new consumers will be accurately	Goal (number)

<sup>0938-0786</sup> <sup>2</sup> EQR Protocol 3, Validation of Performance Improvement Project, Sept. 2012, DHHS, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), OMB Approval No.

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																clinician	assigned to a	intake and
															last EQRO review	was only 16% (79/495) at the time of the	Updated data indicated that this figure	(99/495)
																e time of the	t this figure	
			occurring disorders	average of 21.3% of co-	known statewide	which matches the now	will be revised to 21%	disorders so this goal	range for co-occurring	likely far out of the likely	expected percentage is	demonstrates that this	previous column	Updated data noted in	As of June 2018,	disorder	co-occurring	diagnosed with a

## STEP 5: SAMPLING METHODS (IF APPLICABLE)

The MHP must provide the study description and methodology.

- Identify the following:
- Calculate the required sample size?

we will focus on all individuals receiving an intake appointment, and the frequency of co-occurring diagnoses. As a tiny county there would not be a sample size large enough to provide statistically significant outcome data. So

Consider and specify the true or estimated frequency of the event?

The Department averages 28-32 intakes per month.

0

- Identify the confidence level to be used?
- Identify an acceptable margin of error? We will compare percentages of individuals receiving a co-occurring diagnosis with historical data.

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Describe the valid sampling techniques used?

Due to size challenges, we will "work with what we get".

All individuals seen for intake will be in the sample; and individuals who have had an annual reassessment after the

## beginning of the interventions for this PIP.

\_\_\_\_N of participants (i.e. – return rate)

# STEP 6: DEVELOP STUDY DESIGN & DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

A study design must be developed that will show the impact of all planned interventions. Include the information describing the following

- Describe the data to be collected.
- consumer population to which the study indicators apply? Describe the methods of data collection and sources of the data. How do these factors produce valid and reliable data representing the entire
- Describe the instruments for data collection, and how they provided for consistent and accurate data collection over time.
- Describe the prospective data analysis plan. Include contingencies for untoward results.
- Identify the staff that will be collecting data, and their qualifications. Include contractual, temporary, or consultative personnel

## STEP 7: DEVELOP & DESCRIBE STUDY INTERVENTIONS

interventions in a table that: The MHP must develop reasonable interventions that address causes/barriers identified through data analysis and QI processes. Summarize

- Describes each intervention;
- Identifies the specific barriers/causes each intervention is designed to address;
- Identifies the corresponding indicator that measures the performance of the intervention; and
- Maintains the integrity/measurability of each intervention.
- Describe how the interventions will impact the indicators and help to answer the study question.

#### Example:

	<b>-</b>	Number of Intervention
research on the benefits of co- occurring treatment on outcomes	Share information on nationwide	List each Specific Intervention
acceptance of a co-occurring disorder diagnosis in an MHP	Possible staff ignorance of the	Barriers/Causes Intervention Designed to Target
diagnosed as having co- occurring MH/SUD	Percentage of individuals	Corresponding Indicator
	May 2018	Date Applied

Wednesday, September 26, 2018	occurring MH/SUD  Percentage of individuals diagnosed as having co-occurring MH/SUD	hypothesizing that increased confidence in the ability to treat SUD will increase inclusion of co-occurring disorders and diagnostic profile/case formulation.  Build staff confidence in their ability to treat co-occurring disorders hypothesizing that increased confidence in the ability to treat SUD will increase inclusion of co-occurring disorders and dispression of co-occurring dispression di	Addiction webinar Wednesday, August 22, 12 PM, noon, Pacific Time  NAADAC Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Substance Use Disorders Wednesday, September 26 12 PM, noon, Pacific Time	
Wednesday, August 22,	Percentage of individuals	confidence in the ability to manage SUD will increase inclusion in the diagnostic formulation.  Build staff confidence in their ability to treat co-occurring disorders	NAADAC Breath Awareness and	<b>o</b>
August 8, 2018	Percentage of individuals diagnosed as having co-occurring MH/SUD	Build staff confidence in their ability to manage a case assignment of individuals whom include those with co-occurring SUD. The intent is that increased	NAADAC <u>Authentic Self Care for</u> <u>Addiction Professionals</u> webinar August 8 12 PM, noon, Pacific time	G
July 25, 2018	Percentage of individuals diagnosed as having co-occurring MH/SUD	Build staff confidence in their ability to treat co-occurring disorders hypothesizing that increased confidence in the ability to treat SUD will increase inclusion of co-occurring disorders and diagnostic profile/case formulation.	Association for Addiction Professionals (NAADAC) <u>Early</u> Recovery Nutrition <u>Education</u> webinar July 25, 12 PM, noon, Pacific Time	4
June 29, 2018	Percentage of individuals diagnosed as having co-occurring MH/SUD	Build staff confidence in their ability to diagnose co-occurring disorders.	Staff will receive training with an expert in diagnosis, Dr. Stan Taubman.	ω
June 2018		Lack of clinical familiarity with these tools. Lack of clinical awareness of the availability of these tools.	Review screening tools for co- occurring disorders	2
			with clinical staff to enhance "buy-in" on establishing inclusive diagnoses.	

## STEP 8: DATA ANALYSIS & INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS

Data analysis begins with examining the performance of each intervention, based on the defined indicators. (For detailed guidance, follow the criteria outlined in Protocol 3, Activity 1, Step 8.)

- Describe the data analysis process. Did it occur as planned?
- Did results trigger modifications to the project or its interventions?
- Did analysis trigger any follow-up activities?
- Review results in adherence to the statistical analysis techniques defined in the data analysis plan.
- Does the analysis identify factors that influence the comparability of initial and repeat measurements?

The analysis of the study data must include an interpretation of the extent to which the PIP is successful and any follow-up activities planned.

charts, or graphs as appropriate. Present objective data analysis results for each performance indicator. A Table can be included (see example), and attach all supporting data, tables,

#### Example:

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		1. Percentage of individuals diagnosed with a co-occurring disorder	Performance Indicator
		5/22/2018	Date of Baseline Measurement
		16%	Baseline Measurement (numerator/denomin ator)
		40%	Goal for % Improvement
		June 29, 2018	Intervention Applied & Date
		ТВО	Date of Re- measurement
			Results (numerator/denomin ator
			% Improvement Achieved

# STEP 9: ASSESS WHETHER IMPROVEMENT IS "REAL" IMPROVEMENT

ensuring implementation of appropriate solutions. To analyze the results of the PIP the MPH must document the following steps: Real and sustained improvement are the result of a continuous cycle of measuring and analyzing performance, thoroughly analyzing results, and

- Describe issues associated with data analysis —
- Did data cycles clearly identify when measurements occurred? Should monitoring have occurred more frequently?
- Results of statistical significance testing.
- What factors influenced comparability of the initial and repeat measures?
- What, if any, factors threatened the internal or external validity of the outcomes?
- To what extent was the PIP successful and how did the interventions applied contribute to this success?
- Are there plans for follow-up activities?
- Does the data analysis demonstrate an improvement in processes or consumer outcomes?

The following questions should be answered in the documentation: It is essential to determine if the reported change is "real" change, or the result of an environmental or unintended consequence, or random chance.

- How did you validate that the same methodology was used when each measurement was repeated?
- Was there documented quantitative improvement in process or outcomes of care?
- Describe the "face validity," or how the improvements appear to be the results of the PIP interventions
- Describe the statistical evidence supporting that the improvement is true improvement.
- Was the improvement sustained through repeated measurements over comparable time periods? (If this is a new PIP, what is the plan for monitoring and sustaining improvement?)

Colusa - Updated Non-Clinical PIP Page 12



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# Performance Improvement Project Implementation & Submission Tool

### PLANNING TEMPLATE

### INTRODUCTION & INSTRUCTION

September of 2012 Validating Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs), as a mandatory protocol delivered by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) in This tool provides a structure for development and submission of Performance Improvement Projects (PIPs). It is based on EQR Protocol

section and answer ALL questions. The use of this format for PIP submission will assure that the MHP addresses all of the required elements of a PIP. If the MHP uses another format, they must ensure that all of the required elements of the PIP are addressed and included in their submission. **PLEASE fully complete each** 

- The PIP should target improvement in either a clinical or non-clinical service delivered by the MHP.
- and should be included in the narrative. identified problems, changes and interventions can be studied using the PIP process. This can be done to create improvements in the program The PIP process is not used to evaluate the effectiveness of a specific program operated by the MHP. If a specific program is experiencing
- addressing this type of issue must be detailed in the study narrative. PIP addresses a high-impact or high risk condition, it may involve a smaller portion of the MHP consumer population, so the importance of The narrative should explain how addressing the study issue will also address a broad spectrum of consumer care and services over time. If the
- ÷ should be reviewed and updated, as needed, to ensure continued relevance and to address on-going and new interventions or changes to the Each year a PIP is evaluated is separate and specific. Although topic selection and explanation may cover more than one PIP year, every section
- ÷ If sampling methods are used, the documentation presented must include the appropriateness and validity of the sampling method, the type of sampling method used and why, and what statistical subset of the consumer population was used
- •;• General information about the use of sampling methods and the types of sampling methods to use to obtain valid and reliable information can be found in Appendix II of the EQR Protocols.

Colusa - Updated Clinical PIP7

Page 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EQR Protocol: Appendix II: Sampling Approaches, Sept. 2012, DHHS, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), OMB Approval No. 0938-0786

### IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN/PROJECT

MHP Name:	MHP Name: Colusa County Department of Behavioral Health (CDBH)
Project Title:	Engagement Check One: Clinical x Non-Clinical
Project Leader: Jan Morgan	Jan Morgan Deputy Director, Children's Services Role: Project Leader
Start Date (MM/DD/YY): 03/07/2017	03/07/2017
Completion Date (MM/DD/YY):	Projected Study Period (# of months):
Brief Description of PIP:	The Department learned from data that an average of 20% of consumers drop out of care before the third post-intake clinical session
PIP and what the	The goal will be to increase the percentage of consumers that remain in treatment beyond 3 clinical sessions. This PIP will identify
accomplish.)	interventions that correlate with increased engagement, intending to accomplish better treatment outcomes.

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## STEP 1: SELECT & DESCRIBE THE STUDY TOPIC

- encouraged to seek input from consumers and all stakeholders who are users of, or are concerned with specific areas of service The PIP Study Topic selection narrative should include a description of stakeholders involved in developing and implementing the PIP. MHPs are
- Assemble a multi-functional team (e.g. clinical staff, consumers, contract providers as appropriate). PIP at Behavioral Health Board and Quality Improvement Committee meetings. Services (LCSW), the Behavioral Health Director (PhD) and a Consultant (LMFT). Stakeholders gave feedback on the Adult and one for Children's), the Quality Assurance Coordinator (LMFT), the Clinical Supervisor for Children's The Department assembled a team consisting of both Deputy Directors of Clinical Services (both LCSWs) (one for
- V public servants the process is at times tedious until a PIP is identified and supported by data meetings. The primary barrier seems to be the pace at which a PIP development process moves. Even for dedicated have consumer presence. The Department has not been successful in recruiting a representative consumer for weekly Describe the stakeholders who are involved in developing and implementation of this PIP. Be sure to include CFM group representation Updates on the PIP are provided at the Behavioral Health Board and Quality Improvement Committee, both of which
- V provide feedback through their participation in BHB, QIC and Safe Haven. Describe the stakeholders' role(s) in the PIP and how they were selected to participate The Stakeholders who attend BHB and QIC receive regular updates on the progress of the Department's PIPs and

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#### Define the problem.

- The problem to be addressed should be clearly stated with narrative explanation including what brought the problem to the attention of the
- What is the problem?
- How did it come to your attention?
- What data have you reviewed that suggests the issue is indeed a problem for the MHP? Describe any relevant benchmarks. The three preceding bullets will be addressed in this paragraph.

compelled to study this issue; thus this PIP was born. appointment we also noted what appeared to be a significant dropout rate before completing at least three clinical contacts post intake. This bit of information was an unexpected finding, but once it was known we felt When the QIC and the PIP Committee studied the data on long wait times between intake and first clinical

clinical services engage as measured by not completing three clinical appointments (for the month of October 2016), with the January 2017; see table below). So clearly there was/is a problem with getting consumers engaged with average percentage of consumers failing to engage being 25% (for the months of October 2016 through The PIP Committee then dug deeper into the available data and found that up to 39% of consumers failed to

The grid below shows the evidence we collected on percentage of individuals that dropped out within 60 days of care.

4/16 (25%)	4/20 (20%)	3/17 (18%)	7/18 (39%)	sessions post intake
January 2017	December 2016	November 2016 December 2016	October 2016	Topo those oplision

may reflect either the extent to which services users perceived social and clinical needs are met or unmet, or engagement should not always be viewed as a problem of clients". The authors later states "non-engagement particularly individuals with a dual diagnosis of substance abuse." The authors also make the point that "nonillness, particularly schizophrenia, are often difficult to engage in mental health community based services reviewed was released in 2002 in the Journal of Mental Health, in an article by L. Tait, M Birchwood, and P Several research papers on engagement were reviewed in the planning stage of this PIP. The oldest paper What literature and/or research have been reviewed that explain the issue's relevance to the MHP's consumers results from negative evaluations of the quality of the care received or results from social experience and personality characteristics that influence attitudes towards mental health services" Trower. Among the significant findings in the article were: "A significant number of persons with serious mental

substantially." By weaving this concept of focusing on the initial contact as a critical element in engagement authors note: "... there is strong evidence that intensive engagement interventions implemented during initial rates of return are in considerable contrast with published data suggestion that 50% no-show rates and failure contacts with youth and their families either on the telephone or during a first interview, can boost services use between parental preference for type of services offered to children and what the child actually receives has "Perceived barriers were the most salient predictor of adherence to recommendations" and "Also, the match Murray, and D Fernandez made the following points about engagement in regard to child mental health: A more recent paper, from 2004 in Brief Treatment and Crisis Intervention by M. McCay, K. Haogwood, L to return are extremely common" five of seven sites in the study achieved a 100% return rate after initial appointment. The authors note "These recover quickly were more likely to drop of treatment after attending just one session". On the positive side, the noted that for children from Mexican American backgrounds, noted "parents who....expected their child to been significantly associated with longer lengths of involvement in child mental health care." The authors also

will respond to professional input". The authors also noted "...a longer duration between enrollment and the care provider cannot make a difference in someone's life". largest unique significant contribution... (to lack of engagement)". And, of course "...without engagement, a engagement was "...problem severity and number of weeks to get to a first conversation with a client make the their mental illness as the main reason for non-engagement". Their final conclusion in their study of first conversation with a client were indicative for a lower engagement"; and "Clients themselves often mention Garresten provided the following definition of engagement: "Engagement is a determinant of how well a person An even more recent paper, from 2015 in Community Mental Health Journal by K. Roeg, I. van de Goor, and H

team-based care, and community outreach". shared goals, optimistic outlook that does not focus on medications, ongoing psychoeducation, collaborative care system". But on a positive note they also report "...factors identified to enhance engagement included "One reason why individuals with dual diagnosis may be less engaged in treatment is the fragmentation of the factors associated with non-initiation and non-engagement in mental health treatment". They go on to state engagement in mental health care. They note "In fact, comorbid substance abuse is one of the strongest And "...independent predictors of therapeutic alliance included clinician's recovery orientation, lower reported noted "Alliance has also been found to be important in work with individuals who have serious mental illness self-stigma and greater levels of insight." The authors also address the issue of substance abuse and An even more recent paper from 2016 in World Psychiatry by L. Dixon, Y. Holoshitz and I. Nossel the authors

mental health care drop out. 70% that drop out do so after their first or second visit". Similar to the Health Care". They begin their publication with this statement: "The facts say it all: many people who seek Our final review was from a publication by NAMI in 2016 titled "ENGAGEMENT, a New Standard for Mental previous authors, they note "Trusting and respectful relationships are the basis for recovery". They also note

Colusa - Updated Clinical PIP7

engagement: "Motivational interviewing; Shared decision making; Strengths based assessment; and Including effectively within and across diverse cultures; Rigid adherence to program rules and regulations; Lack of innovative approaches to engagement; Deficits-based rather than strengths-based orientation; Inability to work state "the following characteristics create barriers to engagement: Inability or unwillingness to use creative and of strength and resources that people experiencing mental illness bring to their recovery". By contrast they natural supports". goals". And finally they state that training for mental health professionals should focus on the following areas of respect for individuals and families; and Inability to convey a sense of hope for recovery and achieving life is built and sustained on the foundation of hope, mutual trust, respect, effective communication and recognition "Successful engagement enables people to pursue recovery in life goals across multiple areas....Engagement

care. If an individual does not engage in services, even the most adept treatment model will not benefit the Based on these studies, engagement is clearly an important, if not the most important, element in mental health consumer. With this perspective, we have launched our Engagement PIP.

## The study topic narrative will address:

What is the overarching goal of the PIP?

The overarching goal of this PIP will be to improve the consumer experience of care and the quality of care

How will the PIP be used to improve processes and outcomes of care provided by the MHP?

How any proposed interventions are grounded in proven methods and critical to the study topic? This PIP is all about improving the client experience and subsequent engagement in clinical services

0 developed may be tried first on a small scale (using the PDSA method) before the successful interventions are known to be the critical issue in consumer satisfaction with mental health care. Interventions that are rolled out to the entire system. Other interventions that have high face validity will be rolled out as they are The development of interventions will be driven by the goal of improving engagement in services, which is

## The study topic narrative will clearly demonstrate:

How the identified study topic is relevant to the consumer population

premature departure from care resulting in incomplete resolution of the problems that brought the consumer The study topic of engagement in services is clearly relevant to consumers; lack of engagement can lead to

0 How addressing the problem will impact a significant portion of MHP consumer population portion of the population. This is a significant portion of the MHP consumer population; thus a successful PIP will impact a significant The problem early departure from clinical services impacts up to 39% of the population of new consumers

How the interventions have the potential to impact the mental health, functional status, or satisfaction of consumers served As noted above, interventions that are identified will focus on the goal of this PIP to improve the experience of

Colusa - Updated Clinical PIP7 Page 5

providing better care for new consumers individuals receiving services at Behavioral Health and the interventions that are developed will be focused on

## STEP 2: DEFINE & INCLUDE THE STUDY QUESTION

framework for the goals, measurement, and evaluation of the study. The study question for this PIP will be: The study question must be stated in a clear, concise and answerable format. It should identify the focus of the PIP. The study question establishes a

three sessions from the rate of 25% on average to an average of 15%?" "Will changes in our engagement process reduce the percentage of consumers whose participation currently is less than

## STEP 3: IDENTIFY STUDY POPULATION

study topic. occur is required. The documentation must include data on the MHP's enrolled consumers, as well as the number of consumers relevant to the or a specific sample of that population. If the study pertains to an identified sector of the MHP consumer population, how inclusion of all members will Clearly identify the consumer population included in the study. Include an explanation of how the study will address the entire consumer population,

This Step may include:

- Demographic information;
- Utilization and outcome data or information available; and
- Other study sources (such as pharmacy data) that may be utilized to identify all consumers who are to be included in the study.

returning to care after an absence of less than six months consumers that have been in care for more than three clinical sessions, or consumers that are "meds only" or consumers This PIP will address the entire population of consumers that are new to Behavioral Health services. It will not address

## STEP 4: SELECT & EXPLAIN THE STUDY INDICATORS

must include one or more measurable indicators to track performance and improvement over a specific period of time. "A study indicator is a measurable characteristic, quality, trait, or attribute of a particular individual, object, or situation to be studied." Each PIP

Indicators should be:

- Objective;
- Clearly defined;
- Based on current clinical knowledge or health service research; and
- A valid indicator of consumer outcomes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> EQR Protocol 3, Validation of Performance Improvement Project, Sept. 2012, DHHS, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), OMB Approval No.

25% "non-engagement" level. consumer engagement. The success of these interventions will be measured against the baseline of an average of As noted above, the interventions identified will be focused on efforts that are believed to be effective in increasing

The indicators will be evaluated based on:

- Why they were selected;
- How they measure performance;
- How they measure change in mental health status, functional status, beneficiary satisfaction; and/or
- Have outcomes improved that are strongly associated with a process of care;
- Do they use data available through administrative, medical records, or another readily accessible source; and
- Relevance to the study question.

specific indicator. The measures can be based on current clinical practice guidelines or health services research. The MHP must document the basis for adopting the

In reporting on the chosen indicators include:

- A description of the indicator;
- The numerator and denominator;
- The baseline for each performance indicator; and
- The performance goal.

## Specify the performance indicators in a Table.

#### Example:

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						e in a constant	days of intake	appointments within 60	more than 3 post intake	Individuals who attend		Indicator	Describe Performance
			month)	treatment per	entering	new consumers	the number of	figure would be	(assuming this	Average of 30		Numerator	
						open charts)	would be all	this figure	<b>495</b> (assuming	Approximately		Denominator	
								engage	consumers failing to	Average of 25% of	(number)	Indicator	Baseline for Performance
								rate.	or 85 % engagement	15% failing to engage;	(number)	Goal	

## STEP 5: SAMPLING METHODS (IF APPLICABLE)

The MHP must provide the study description and methodology.

- Identify the following:
- Calculate the required sample size? As a tiny county this sample size question is difficult to establish. Given this challenge we will include all new consumers who agree to post intake appointments.
- Consider and specify the true or estimated frequency of the event? We have noted an average 25% failure to engage rate.
- 0 Identify the confidence level to be used? We would need help from EQRO staff to address this question.
- Identify an acceptable margin of error? We would need help from EQRO staff to address this question.

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N of participants (i.e. – return rate)	N of sample	N of enrollees in sampling trame

# STEP 6: DEVELOP STUDY DESIGN & DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

A study design must be developed that will show the impact of all planned interventions. Include the information describing the following

- Describe the data to be collected. Number of visits post intake for new consumers.
- consumer population to which the study indicators apply? EHR recording of visits will be the source. Describe the methods of data collection and sources of the data. How do these factors produce valid and reliable data representing the entire
- from the EHR will be used. Describe the instruments for data collection, and how they provided for consistent and accurate data collection over time. Standard reports
- V Describe the prospective data analysis plan. Include contingencies for untoward results. We will analyze retention rates, monthly.
- Assurance Coordinator (Jeannie Scroggins) will collect data from the EHR with assistance from the EHR Coordinator (Elaine Identify the staff that will be collecting data, and their qualifications. Include contractual, temporary, or consultative personnel. Quality

## STEP 7: DEVELOP & DESCRIBE STUDY INTERVENTIONS

interventions in a table that: The MHP must develop reasonable interventions that address causes/barriers identified through data analysis and QI processes. Summarize

- Describes each intervention;
- Identifies the specific barriers/causes each intervention is designed to address;
- Identifies the corresponding indicator that measures the performance of the intervention; and
- Maintains the integrity/measurability of each intervention.
- Describe how the interventions will impact the indicators and help to answer the study question.

#### Example: Number of

U		3	2	<b>J</b> -A.	Number of Intervention
Telephone calls to consumers who have been identified as not engaged (individuals who have not attended three sessions within 60 days of intake) in order to identify causal	An engagement survey was utilized to identify consumer barriers to engagement.	Training clinicians to revise helping inform consumers that they are the assigned clinician and would like to schedule an appointment (when the consumer doesn't answer the telephone call but has given the department permission to leave a voice message) from merely asking the consumer to call back to schedule an appointment to expecting the clinician state in his telephone message a specific time that the clinician is set-aside for the meeting with the consumer to begin treatment.	Sending a "thank you for coming" letter to new consumers	Call to newly assigned Consumers on the day they are assigned to a clinician by the Access Team	List each Specific Intervention
This intervention is designed to identify specific causal factors for failure to engage via client report.	This intervention is designed to identify barriers to engagement	This intervention is designed to change the "cold handoff" of a "you call me" where the consumer is asked to call back to speak to someone have not met to a "warm handoff" where the consumer knows that the clinical person is ready and waiting to see the consumer at a specific time and date. The consumer can then keep this appointment or call to a specific person whose voice they have now heard to make a different time for follow-up.	This intervention is designed to show the consumer that the Department is interested in their continued contact.	This intervention is designed to address consumers feeling "out of loop" while awaiting news on when they will be seen post intake.	Barriers/Causes Intervention Designed to Target
Percentage of consumers engaging in treatment	Percentage of consumers engaging in treatment	Percentage of consumers engaging in treatment	Percentage of consumers engaging in treatment	Percentage of consumers engaging in treatment	Corresponding Indicator
9/25/18-ongoing Intervention	April 2018	Began on June 2017 - ongoing Intervention	Began on July 2017- ongoing Intervention	Began on June 13, 2017-ongoing Intervention	Date Applied

E S	
	factors of failure to engage.

## STEP 8: DATA ANALYSIS & INTERPRETATION OF STUDY RESULTS

Data analysis begins with examining the performance of each intervention, based on the defined indicators. (For detailed guidance, follow the criteria outlined in Protocol 3, Activity 1, Step 8.)

- Describe the data analysis process. Did it occur as planned?
- Did results trigger modifications to the project or its interventions?
- Did analysis trigger any follow-up activities?
- Review results in adherence to the statistical analysis techniques defined in the data analysis plan.
- Does the analysis identify factors that influence the comparability of initial and repeat measurements?

The analysis of the study data must include an interpretation of the extent to which the PIP is successful and any follow-up activities planned.

charts, or graphs as appropriate. Present objective data analysis results for each performance indicator. A Table can be included (see example), and attach all supporting data, tables,

#### Example:

 ·					- Telephone		
	The state of the s	treatment	fail to engage in	Percentage of		Indicator	Performance
				25%		Measurement	Date of Baseline
				See above	(numerator/denomin ator)	Measurement	Baseline
				15%		Improvement	Goal for %
						Applied & Date	Intervention
			June 2018	May 2018		measurement	Date of Re-
			14/41 (34%)	13/40 (32.5%)	ator	(numerator/denomin	Results
		baseline	baseline 9.5% from	7.5 percent from		Achieved	% Improvement

# STEP 9: Assess Whether Improvement is "Real" improvement

Real and sustained improvement are the result of a continuous cycle of measuring and analyzing performance, thoroughly analyzing results, and ensuring implementation of appropriate solutions. To analyze the results of the PIP the MPH must document the following steps:

- Describe issues associated with data analysis –
- Did data cycles clearly identify when measurements occurred? Should monitoring have occurred more frequently?
- Results of statistical significance testing.
- What factors influenced comparability of the initial and repeat measures?
- What, if any, factors threatened the internal or external validity of the outcomes?
- To what extent was the PIP successful and how did the interventions applied contribute to this success?
- Are there plans for follow-up activities?
- Does the data analysis demonstrate an improvement in processes or consumer outcomes?

The following questions should be answered in the documentation: It is essential to determine if the reported change is "real" change, or the result of an environmental or unintended consequence, or random chance.

- How did you validate that the same methodology was used when each measurement was repeated?
- Was there documented quantitative improvement in process or outcomes of care?
- Describe the "face validity," or how the improvements appear to be the results of the PIP interventions.
- Describe the statistical evidence supporting that the improvement is true improvement.
- monitoring and sustaining improvement?) Was the improvement sustained through repeated measurements over comparable time periods? (If this is a new PIP, what is the plan for